MATH0035 Algebraic Number Theory

Year:	2024{2025
Code:	MATH0035
Level:	6 (UG)
Normal student group(s):	UG Year 3 Mathematics degrees
Value:	15 credits (= 7.5 ECTS credits)
Term:	2
Assessment:	90% examination, 10% coursework
Normal Pre-requisites:	MATH0034, MATH0053, and MATH0022 recommended
Lecturer:	Dr R Hill

Course Description and Objectives

Algebraic number theory is one of the foundations of modern number theory. An algebraic number eld is a nite algebraic extension of the eld of rational numbers, and algebraic number theory studies the arithmetic of algebraic number elds: the ring of integers in the number eld, the ideas and units in the ring of integers, the extent to which unique factorization holds, etc.

As well as being interesting objects in their own right, number elds can be used to prove results about the ordinary integers; a very advanced application is the proof of Fermat's last theorem.

Recommended Texts

- (i) Ian Stewart and David Tall, Algebraic Number Theory and Fermat's Last Theorem.
- (ii) Saban Akaca and Kenneth S. Williams, Introductory Algebraic Number Theory.

Detailed Syllabus

Review of eld extensions, algebraic numbers, minimal polynomials, conjugates, the Primitive element theorem.

Algebraic integers, discriminants, integral bases, norms and traces. Cyclotomic and quadratic elds.

Non-unique factorization of algebraic integers, unique factorization into prime ideals, fractional ideals, class group, norms of ideals.

Lattices and Minkowski's Lemma, niteness of class number, calculation of class numbers.

Applications to some Diophantine equations.

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